Introduction to the Regina Research Data Centre

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Data Access Division







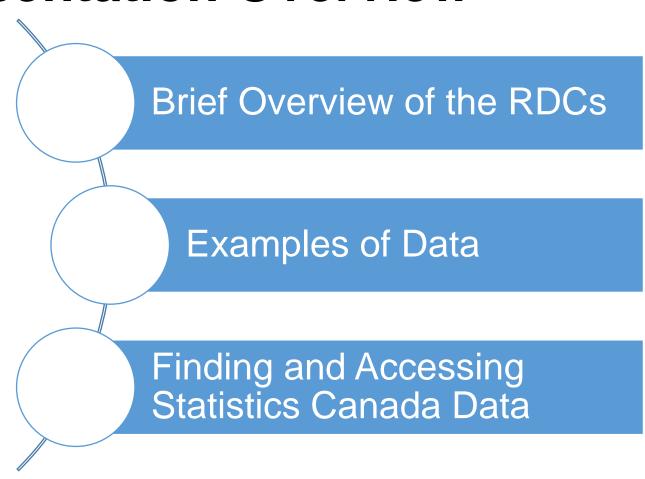
Delivering insight through data for a better Canada







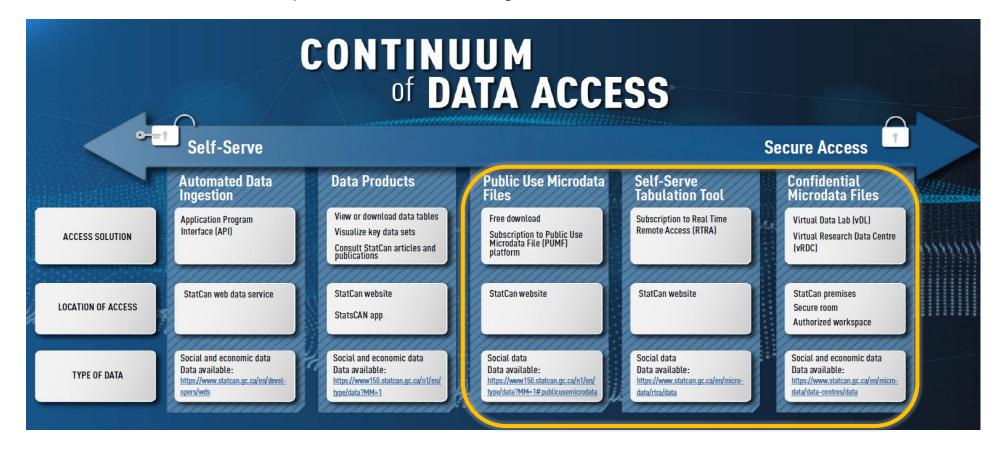
Presentation Overview





StatCan Data Access Services

What we offer: Accessible representational meaningful data about Canadians for Canadians



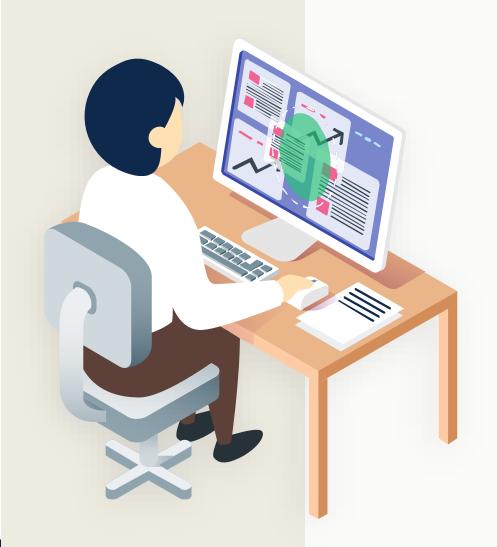


What is an RDC?

A secure facility on campus through which researchers can access confidential Statistics Canada microdata

The CRDCN is a CFI Major Science Initiative; supported by CFI, Statistics Canada, SSHRC, CIHR, the FRQ, some provinces, and partner universities to promote research to inform public policy

Staffed by Statistics Canada employees and located conveniently throughout the country so that academic researchers do not have to travel to access data



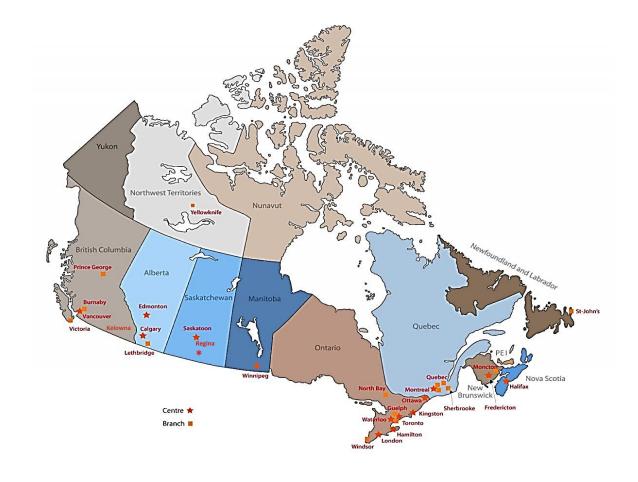
The Data

- RDCs provide access to a growing collection of:
 - health, immigration, economic, social, crime, education, and business data
 - administrative data (e.g. hospital records) linked to surveys, tax files, and other administrative data
- Individual data are protected:
 - ✓ names and ID numbers are removed.
 - access to data only permitted on secure systems that have no internet access
 - ✓ researchers take training on confidentiality and privacy and Statistics Canada
 - ✓ personnel use "disclosure analysis" to ensure that no individual, household or business can be identified



The CRDCN

• The Canadian Research Data **Centre Network** (CRDCN) supports access to Statistics Canada microdata at Research Data Centres (RDCs) on 33 campuses across the country.



Canadä

CRDCN: A Snapshot



RESEARCH COMMUNITY



RESEARCH DISCIPLINES





CONTRIBUTIONS

Over the lifetime of the Network

0			
94	44	0	Graduates

4876 O Publications

2392 O Peer-reviewed articles

302 O Books and book chapters

541 O Reports to policy groups



DATA

DATA SETS

Strategic Plan 2019-2024 • Canadian Research Data Centre Network 7

Why work in the RDC?

Growing collection of linked health, immigration, economic, social, crime, education, and recently business data to address research questions

Access to high-quality national data including linked administrative data that permits longitudinal analyses

Researchers on a short timeline can use data that is high quality, has already been collected, is ready for analysis, and allows for publication in high impact journals.

Public Use Microdata Files (PUMFs)

- PUMFs are a great resource that can meet the requirements of certain projects
- Reach out to the UofR
 <u>Data librarians</u> to inquire about PUMF downloads
- Where a PUMF may not exist or does not contain the level of detail needed, RDC microdata files are available

Census 2006 PUMF	Census 2006 Microdata File available in RDCs
850,000 observations; ~3 % Canadian population	6.5 million observations
123 variables	279 variables
Geography at CMA	Geography at census tract
Categorical variables: age, income, etc.	Full variable details



Finding Statistics Canada Data

- For a list of all Statistics Canada data, you can look here:
 - https://www23.statcan.gc.ca/imdb-bmdi/pub/indexth-eng.htm
 - Portals can be used to explore existing Statistics Canada data products
- You can browse the data available for research at the RDC at either of the following websites:
 - Statistics Canada RDC website
 - There is a contact email on this page if you cannot find a type of dataset that you are looking for
 - You can always contact the Research Data Centre Analyst if you are looking for data on a particular topic
 - Publications on CRDCN website

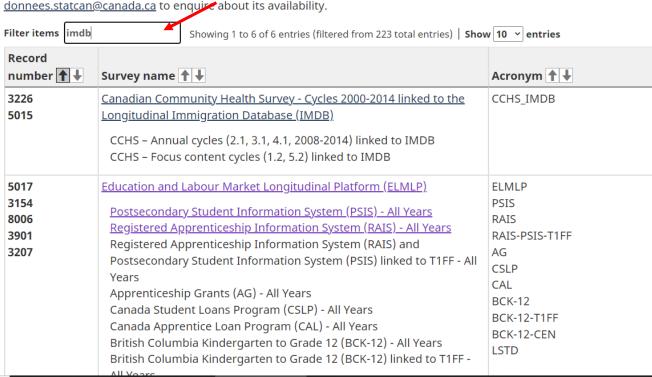


Searching for Data on the **Statistics Canada RDC Website**

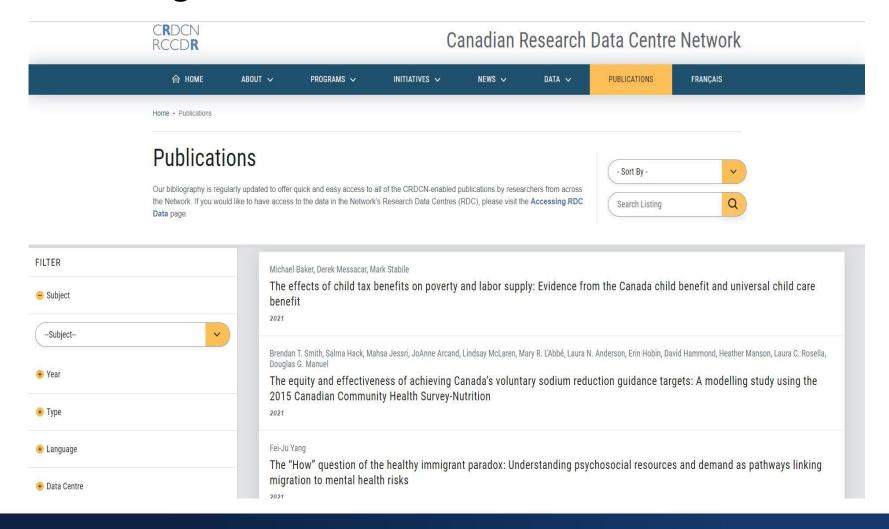
Data available at the Research Data Centres

The following datasets are available at the Research Data Centres (RDCs).

If data you are seeking for your RDC project is not listed, please contact <u>statcan.mad-rdc-data-dam-cdr-donnees.statcan@canada.ca</u> to enquire about its availability.



Searching for Publications on the CRDCN website







Searching for Publications on the CRDCN website

The "How" question of the healthy immigrant paradox: Understanding psychosocial resources and demand as pathways linking migration to mental health risks

Authors: Fei-Ju Yang

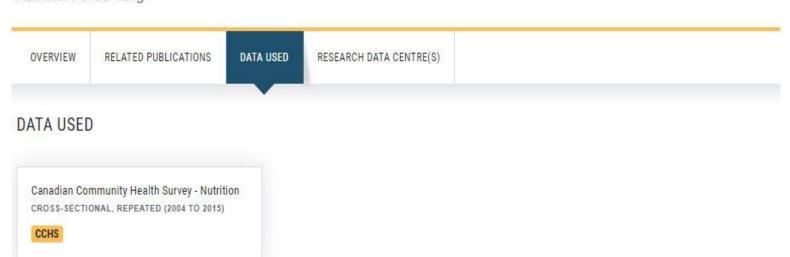
VERVIEW							SUBJECTS	
VERVIEW								
bstract (English)						HEALTH	
	alth literature tends to focus						QUICK LINKS	
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Searching for Publications on the CRDCN website

Home • Publications • The "How" question of the healthy immigrant paradox: Understanding psychosocial resources and demand as pathways linking migration to mental health risks

The "How" question of the healthy immigrant paradox: Understanding psychosocial resources and demand as pathways linking migration to mental health risks

Authors: Fei-Ju Yang







Snapshot of selected survey, administrative, and linked data



General Social Survey

The General Social Survey (GSS) gathers data on social trends in order to monitor changes in the living conditions and well being of Canadians over time; and provides information on specific social policy issues of current or emerging interest.

Current themes:

Caregiving and care receiving

Families

Time use

Social Identity

Giving, volunteering, and

participating

Safety

Discontinued themes:

Access to and use of information

communication technology

Education, work and retirement

Health

Canadians at Work and Home

(GSS)



Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)

- The <u>CCHS</u> is a cross-sectional survey that collects information related to health status, health care utilization and health determinants for the Canadian population. The survey is designed to provide reliable estimates at the health region level every 2 years.
- The CCHS has the following objectives:
- Support health surveillance programs by providing health data at the national, provincial and intra-provincial levels;
- Provide a single data source for health research on small populations and rare characteristics;
- Timely release of information easily accessible to a diverse community of users;
- Create a flexible survey instrument that includes a rapid response option to address emerging issues related to the health of the population.





Uniform Crime Reporting Survey: 1999- 2020

- Data collected by the Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics and policing communities.
- Designed to measure the incidence of crime in Canada and its characteristics.
- Includes criminal incidents, clearance status, information of persons charged.
- 1982-1987: record of crime and traffic statistics.
- 1988- present: microdata of incidents, victims, and accused.



Accessing the RDC



Accessing the RDC

- Create a MAP account
- Submit your RDC proposal
- Subject matter reviews it and you receive a notice of approval

Apply through the Microdata Access Portal (MAP)

Certification Process

- Become a deemed employee of Statistics Canada
- Sign a Data access agreement (e.g., MRC)
- Receive an RDC Orientation

 Results from analyses done in an RDC are vetted by an RDC analyst using dataspecific confidentiality vetting rules before being sent to the researchers

Analyses & Output Release

Key websites

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CRDCN

Canadian
 Research Data
 Centre
 Network
 (CRDCN)

• https://crdcn.c a/



Application

Statistics

 Canada RDC
 Application
 Process and
 Guidelines

• https://www.sta
tcan.gc.ca/eng
/rdc/process



Data

List of Data
 available in the
 RDCs

• https://www.statcan.gc.ca/eng<a href="https://www.sta"/rdc/data"/rdc/data"/rdc/data"/rdc/data



RDC

Regina

 Newsletters updates, workstation booking information and more

 https://www.ur egina.ca/resea rch/rdc/

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Thank you!

- Contact RDC Analyst Rebekah Corpuz at: regina.rdc@uregina.ca
- For more information, please visit
- www.statcan.gc.ca

#StatCan100







